

THE WAR.

Suleiman Pacha Effects a Junction with Mehmet Ali.

PREPARING FOR A DECISIVE BATTLE.

The Turks Working Hard on the Fortifications of Gallipoli.

RUSTCHUK AGAIN BOMBARDED.

The Dardanelles To Be Closed to All Nations Alike.

RUSSIAN NEGLECT IN BULGARIA.

A Great Battle Imminent in Armenia—Mukhtar Pacha's Danger.

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

LONDON, August 19, 1877.
The Herald correspondent at Vienna telegraphs that information has been received in that city from a reliable source that Suleiman Pacha has succeeded in effecting a junction with Mehmet Ali between Tjerserora and Bebrova. This places the Russians in face of a really formidable Turkish army, and will render the utmost exertions necessary on their part to prevent the Turks from jeopardizing the whole position in Bulgaria.

PREPARATIONS FOR A GREAT BATTLE.

The Russians are pushing up their reinforcements and preparing energetically for a general onslaught on the Turkish position. They believe that a decisive victory over the united forces of Mehmet Ali and Suleiman Pacha would practically end the campaign, while a defeat would entail results scarcely less disastrous for themselves.

STAKING ALL ON THE ATTEMPT.

The Turks also are very active, and are straining every nerve to be able to cope successfully with the large and well appointed Russian force which is opposed to them. They have hurried up almost their last man, and have evidently made up their minds to stake everything on the issue of a battle. It is not thought probable that a general battle can be delayed beyond Tuesday or Wednesday at furthest.

GOURKHA'S POSITION IN THE SHIPKA PASS.

Suleiman Pacha seems to have brought his infantry and cavalry through the Ferditza and Haen passes and his artillery through Demir Kapu Pass, that road being better for the transport of guns. Shipka Pass, which is still held by the Russians, was blockaded at the southern entrance, and will probably have to be evacuated unless the Russians attack and defeat one of the three Turkish corps which now form a semicircle from Rasgrad to Plevna.

STRENGTH OF THE RUSSIAN POSITION.

The Vienna Political Correspondence has a Bucharest telegram saying:—"General Gourkha declares that the Russian positions, from the Danube to the Shipka Pass, are so strong that the Turks do not venture an attack."

THE TURKS STRONGLY INTRENCHED.

"Both armies are constantly intrenching themselves. The Turks especially hold a wonderfully strong position at Plevna."

OSMAN PACHA IN A TIGHT PLACE.

"Osman Pacha is, nevertheless, in a difficult situation, because the numerous cavalry attached to the 80,000 Russians confronting him completely cut off his communications with Sofia and capture his convoys of ammunition and provisions. The Russians will not undertake operations until the whole guard arrives from St. Petersburg. This signifies a pause of a fortnight or three weeks."

FORTIFYING GALLIPOLI.

The Turks are working vigorously on the fortifications of Gallipoli, and they are already in a forward state of preparation. One hundred heavy Krupp guns have been sent there from Constantinople, and large quantities of provisions and military stores are being forwarded. The work is kept up night and day without intermission, and the place will soon be in a thorough state of defence.

THE DARDANELLES CLOSED TO ALL.

The Herald correspondent at Vienna also states that the Turkish Ministers have declared to the foreign diplomats that the Porte would not make an exception in favor of any foreign Power in regard to the passage of the Dardanelles. This is understood to refer to the rumored intention of England to send ships of war to the Dardanelles with a view to prevent massacres of Christians in case of a popular outbreak.

RUSTCHUK STILL BOMBARDED.

A despatch from Rustchuk, August 18, says:—"The Russian bombardment continues. Two hundred shells have fallen in the town, and twenty persons have been killed. A Russian reconnoitering party has been repulsed near the river Lom."

THE TURKISH BATTERIES SILENCED.

Official despatches received in St. Petersburg state that the Russian batteries at Giurgevo

silenced the Turkish batteries at Rustchuk on the 14th instant. There was slight successful fighting on the 16th on the right bank of the river, near Rustchuk.

TURKS LANDED IN THE DOBRUDZHA.
From Bucharest comes the intelligence that eight vessels landed Turks in the Dobrudzha on Friday. The Russians are marching to oppose them.

SIGNIFICANT REMOVAL.
A Bucharest despatch says Prince Tcherkasski has removed the seat of government of Bulgaria from Tirnova to Sistova.

ADVANTAGES OF RUSSIAN DELAY.
Some critics appear to think that Russian advantage lies in continued inaction and further concentration; but the increasing ravages of disease in the Russian camp are an offset against the arrival of reinforcements, and may compel their generals to attack Plevna or Rasgrad before strategic considerations would authorize such an undertaking.

OPINION IN RUSSIA.
It is reported, also, that public opinion in Russia is powerfully affected by the failure before Plevna. Echoes of this dissatisfaction may reach the army in the field and tend to tempt the military advisers of the Emperor to urge some enterprise that might well be deterred till stronger forces can be arranged. Thus it is not impossible that active operations may be resumed before they are justly warranted.

INDICATIONS OF EARLY ACTION.
The establishment of the imperial headquarters at Studen would seem to point to a close connection between the Emperor and the Grand Duke Nicholas and perhaps to prearrange the presence of the head of the army at some determined and obstinate assault on the intrenchments of Osman Pacha.

RUSSIAN NEGLECT TO MAKE ROAD.
Advices from Bucharest and Sistova show that the Russians have made no preparation against bad weather. Even the flat sandy island, over which is an approach more than a mile long to the pontoon bridges, shows no signs of road making, although 100 infantry soldiers have laid away the time there for several months. It is now a mass of mud, as the wagons have kneaded its surface seeking possible paths.

VALUABLE TIME LOST.
A few days' labor of a regiment of infantry would have made across this island, over which pass all the supplies for the army of Bulgaria, a road capable of enduring an unlimited amount of rain and traffic. On the Sistova side, where the roads to Beja and Tirnova run up steep hillsides, there was also no preparation.

LESSON TAUGHT.
Short but severe showers on Wednesday night caught the Russian Army Service Department utterly unprepared. After the roads had been made virtually impassable in many places fatigue parties were turned out on the Sistova hills to cut a new road and make ill-directed efforts to fill the chasms in the old ones with willow brushwood.

WHAT THE CONSEQUENCES MAY BE.
The weather has been exceedingly dry for months, consequently the roads were very hard. If rain of one night's duration could produce effects such as described it may easily be imagined what will be the consequences when a number of heavy rains occur in rapid succession.

TRANSFERRED FROM THE DOBRUDZHA.
A part of the Dobrudzha force has already passed through Roumania and again crossed the Danube, about ten miles above Rustchuk, but operations on the other side are delayed by rain, which has rendered all the roads practically impassable for artillery and trains. A great part of the line of communication with the army is over mere cart tracks beaten with dust in the weather and churned into deep mud when it rains.

SCARCITY OF WOOD.
Wood is scarce in the country now occupied by the Russians, and the enormous forces about to be encamped in the heart of Bulgaria will probably leave it as bare as the allies left the plains before Sebastopol.

SICKNESS IN THE DOBRUDZHA.
During the occupation of the Dobrudzha lately the sick were sent back at the rate of 300 per day, and there are signs of increasing sickness within the lines on the other side of the Danube.

IN THE CAUCASUS.
From the Caucasus it is reported that the Inguri column, under General Aichasoff, continued its advance and arrived August 12 near Aton, on the River Yodora, where preparations were made for effecting a passage, and the cavalry of the column crossed over to the right bank; but these operations are not likely to have much influence on the general military situation in Armenia. In that direction, as in Europe, the Russian leaders appear to desire reinforcements with which to resume the offensive, while their opponents are unable or unwilling to take active steps to profit by the quiet of their adversaries.

MOKHTAR LIKELY TO BE SURROUNDED.
A correspondent of the Berlin National Zeitung writes from Adrianople that it is probable Mokhtar Pacha will be surrounded and compelled to surrender.

ON THE EVE OF GREAT EVENTS.
The London Times correspondent, who has been watching the operations in Abchasia, wrote under date of August 13:—"I am now about to return to Alexandropol, where I am told to expect great events; but, although troops have passed up that way, I believe Ardahan more likely to be the scene of the next operations. General Melikov, who has hitherto commanded in person, is now to place himself under the orders of the Grand Duke Michael. So it is possible that operations may be preparing which will again attract the principal interest of the campaign to the neighborhood of Kars, Batoum and Ardahan."

PREVENTION OF CRIME.

KINGSTON, N. Y., August 18, 1877.
A society, to be auxiliary to the New York Society for the Prevention of Crime, was organized on Wednesday evening in the village of Sagerties. Officers of the society were elected and a large membership obtained.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

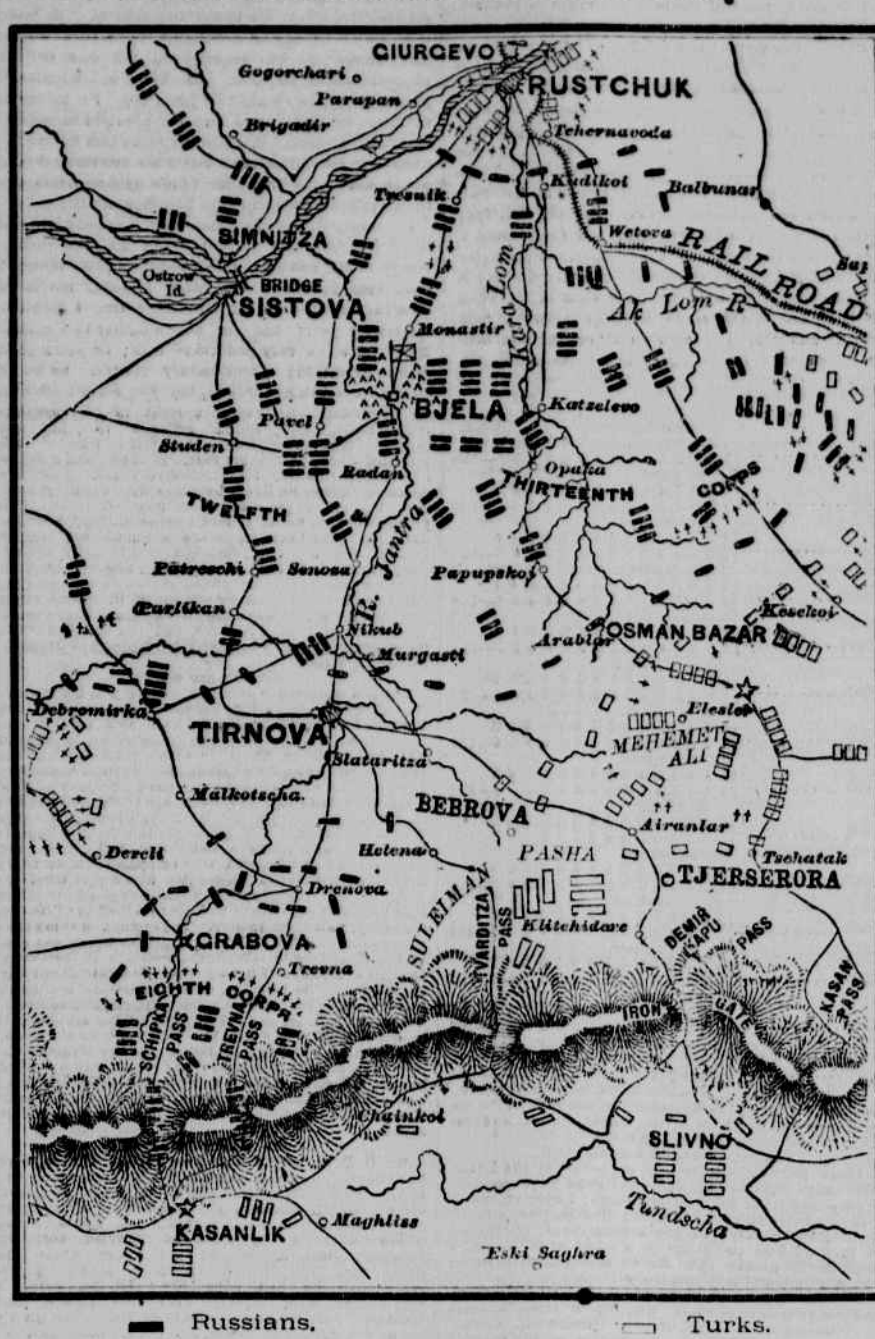
WAR DEPARTMENT.
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER.
WASHINGTON, August 19—11 A. M.
Indications.
For Sunday, in the Middle States and New England, northwest to southwest wind, warmer, clear weather, and stationary or higher pressure.
For the South Atlantic States, stationary pressure and temperature, easterly wind, clear or partly cloudy weather and local rains.
For the Gulf States, rising barometer, cooler, northerly winds, shifting on the coast to east and southeast, clear or partly cloudy weather, and in Texas local rains.
For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, stationary or higher pressure and temperature, southeast to southwest winds, clear or partly cloudy weather.
For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys, falling barometer, warmer, southeast winds, clear or partly cloudy weather.
For the Lake region, slightly higher pressure, possibly followed by falling, in the western portions, warmer southerly winds, except northerly on lakes Haron and Superior, and partly cloudy or clear weather, with occasional local rains.
The rivers will continue stationary or falling.

THIS WEATHER YESTERDAY.
The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudson's pharmacy, Herald Building:
1876. 1877. 1870. 1871.
8 A. M. 69 69 3.00 P. M. 78 82
5 A. M. 70 68 6 P. M. 79 80
9 A. M. 72 73 9 P. M. 72 75
12 M. 76 79 12 P. M. 71 72
Average temperature yesterday 74.4
Average temperature for corresponding date last year 73
Weekly average 77.7 1871.

THE TURKISH BATTERIES SILENCED.
Official despatches received in St. Petersburg state that the Russian batteries at Giurgevo

PREPARING FOR A GENERAL ACTION.

Map Showing the Russian and Turkish Lines North of the Balkans, and Where Suleiman Pacha Has Joined Forces with Mehmet Ali.



After forcing the Russians from the plains of Roumelia by the victory of Kadi Sagar and Kalofer and the occupation of Kasilik, Suleiman Pacha has marched through the Haen, Bourgas, or Tzaritza Pass, and joined his forces with those of Mehmet Ali between the town of Bebrova and the village of Tjerserora. This movement strengthens Mehmet Ali very considerably, and enables him to present quite a formidable force to the Russians at Osman Bazar. But it is evident that in the event of the Turks being totally defeated in the general action now impending their position in Roumelia will be seriously compromised. With a large Russian force in the Shipka Pass and a victorious army in pursuit the tide of battle would carry the Russians into Adrianople. It is doubtful if the Turks could retreat in sufficient force to stake the staking to cover that city. Therefore the staking of their fortunes on a great battle is a hazardous proceeding, but is also one that gives promise of a desperate resistance. Should the Russians fail to break the Turkish line and virtually sustain a heavy defeat, the converging advance of Mehmet Ali and Suleiman Pacha from Osman Bazar, of Osman Pacha from Selvi, Lovat and Plevna, and of Mehmet Pacha from Rasgrad, would compel them to fall back on Hija, if not on Sistova and Nicopolis. This would certainly be a retreat on their Danube bases and bridges, where they could intrench themselves with a considerable degree of security. But the defeat would be a disastrous termination of the Bulgarian campaign, and could not be made without enormous loss of men and morale. The junction of Suleiman Pacha with Mehmet Ali may have the effect of compelling the Russians to abandon the Shipka Pass and retire beyond Tirnova, but the present indications do not point to this retreat as a necessity. Holding the pass may cost them hundreds of men, but its recovery during another campaign would mean the loss of thousands.

THE INDIAN WAR.

OFFICIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE MOVEMENTS OF GENERAL HOWARD—A MURDEROUS BANNOCK.

WASHINGTON, August 18, 1877.
The following despatch from General McDowell, commanding the military division of the Pacific, was received at the War Department this morning:—
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., August 17, 1877.

TO THE ADJUTANT GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY, WASHINGTON.
General Howard telegraphed on the 14th inst., from near Bannock City, that to-day he would enter the department of the Platte in pursuit of hostile Indians, who were near Lake Howard apparently making eastward for the buffalo country, through the national park. Generals Sheridan and Crook have been advised.

A MURDEROUS BANNOCK GAVE UP JOHN JOSEPH.
Acting Indian Agent, Danforth writes to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, under date of the 8th inst., detailing the shooting of two white men by a Bannock Indian, who had put on his war paint, mounted his pony and was just starting out to join Chief Joseph. The Bannocks expressed great regret at the occurrence, and at last accounts were in pursuit of the murderer.

JOSEPH'S HAND SAID TO HAVE CUT TELEGRAPH WIRES—SHOSHONE ALLIES FOR GENERAL HOWARD.

SALT LAKE CITY, U. T., August 18, 1877.
Nothing has been heard from the Nez Perces Indians since they crossed the Montana stage road going east on the afternoon of the 16th, some thirty miles south from Pleasant Valley Station. The telegraph line is broken, no doubt cut by Indians. No stage is running on the section of the road where the Indians crossed. Nothing further has been heard from General Howard.

SARATOGA GARDEN PARTY.

A BRILLIANT GATHERING UNDER THE COLORED LIGHTS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]
SARATOGA, N. Y., August 18, 1877.
The garden party at the Grand Union Hotel this evening was an enormous success notwithstanding that the grass and foliage were quite wet from the afternoon shower. There were fully three thousand spectators on and around the grounds when the passengers by the afternoon special arrived from New York. The whole interior was magnificently illuminated by hundreds of Chinese lanterns and electric lights, which, as they changed from white to red, blue or green, gave a peculiar and weird effect to the groupings and the decorations. The light of the moon, the entertainment opened soon after nine P. M. with a grand march by Lohan's orchestra, supplemented for the occasion, after which and until midnight the dance platform was occupied by guests stopping at the hotel and their numerous friends, tickets of invitation being freely given to all who applied for them. Among some of the prominent persons present were the Hon. Francis Kernan and family, Bishop Littlejohn and family, Judge Noah Davis and Judge Henry E. Davis and family, ex-Secretary Brewster, S. D. Vermylia and family, Hon. H. M. Sweetser, and hundreds of other well known residents of New York and Brooklyn. The social visitors were well represented, invitations having been extended to all now here. In fact no previous entertainment of the kind given in Saratoga was ever held so successful, and before it was over there was a universal call on the managers, Messrs. Clark & Watkins, for a repetition of the party, when it is to be hoped the weather will be warm enough for the ladies to appear without their wraps and other wraps.
Nearly all the hotels here are full this evening, especially the Union and the States. From the latter comes rumors of a magnificent entertainment to be given before the close of the season.

O'BRIEN'S WALK.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]
NEWARK, N. J., August 18, 1877.
In presence of a large assemblage of citizens, O'Brien, the pedestrian, finished his walk at the rink here last night a few minutes before twelve o'clock. He was eighty miles behind the time allotted, having walked 420 miles in the space of one day, beginning Monday morning. Soon after midnight, upon leaving the track, a large number of enthusiastic persons cheered him heartily. The general impression is that O'Brien had had better treatment than would have accompanied the desired result.

A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

A TUGBOAT BLOWN UP—THE CAPTAIN AND TWO MEN KILLED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]
NORFOLK, Va., August 18, 1877.
A most appalling accident occurred this morning by which three men were instantly killed and a valuable tugboat blown to pieces. It was probably the result of carelessness on the part of the engineer. The tug Matt White, Captain Dick White, which has been towing on James River for some time past, came into the Roads yesterday afternoon and went over to the Rip rap, where she was to deliver a load of stone for the night. The Captain and crew retired as usual, with the first banked, and this morning the engine, a Mr. James, got up to attend to them. Captain White got up about five o'clock, took his glass, and after a quarter of eight looking down in sight, turned in to stoke, and she sunk at the wharf where she lay. Mr. Allen, watchman on the Rip rap, at once went to the scene of disaster, and succeeded in rescuing the mate and one fireman, who were not seriously injured.

THREE MEN BLOWN UP.
The pilot boat Phantom at once went to their assistance and towed the wreck from the wharf and over perhaps an acre of space. The whole forward part of the vessel must have been blown to atoms, and Captain White, Engineer James and a fireman probably shared the same fate. The Captain House officers and others went to the scene with grappling irons, to search for the bodies. What is left of the vessel is out of the water.

The Matt White was owned by Mr. Lawrence of Richmond.
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The fireman was a colored man named John Braxton, who was about fifty years of age, and was well known on the river as a popular and obliging captain. He leaves a wife, we understand, in Richmond, but no children.
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KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]
CLEVELAND, Ohio, August 18, 1877.
The Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias, last night, held a session with closed doors until after twelve o'clock. On motion of the Supreme Chancellor the Supreme Vice Chancellor, Supreme Keeper of the Records and Seal, and Supreme Master of the exchequer were added to the Committee on the Preparation and Plans for an Endowment System. This matter, which provides for the payment of \$2,000 on the death of a member, has long been under consideration by the Supreme Lodge, and its adoption, it is believed, will have the effect of awakening an increased interest in the order. Justin H. Hathorne, founder of the order, was declared a lecturer to visit and address the various subordinate lodges in the United States on invitation. The Supreme Lodge adjourned to meet in Indianapolis on the fourth Tuesday in August, 1878.

SUSPENSION.

NEWARK, N. J., August 18, 1877.
The large clothing firm of Halsey & Hunter, of this city, have suspended and are in the hands of a receiver. Their liabilities are \$22,000; nominal assets, \$30,000. They have been in business here since 1859.

A BANK PLUNDERED.

WINSTON, Vt., August 18, 1877.
Two thousand dollars were stolen from the Windsor Savings Bank this afternoon by a sneak thief, who climbed up the window of the back room and abstracted the money from the drawer while the attention of the people of the bank was directed to the passing Presidential party.

MISSING WITH MONEY.

CHICAGO, Ill., August 18, 1877.
Joseph Metzler, of the firm of Metzler Brothers, notion dealers, has ascended, taking with him \$20,000 in cash and several trunks containing valuable goods belonging to the firm. He also secured checks amounting to \$3,000, giving them in exchange for judgment notes. From one firm he obtained in this way \$2,500.

PROTECTION FOR SITKA.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 18, 1877.
A despatch from Victoria says the United States revenue cutter Corwin has arrived at Sitka. The alarm among the settlers is subsiding.

GIGANTIC FORGERIES.

Capture of a Dangerous Band of Swindlers.

FRAUD SYSTEMATIZED.

Pseudo Members of Legislatures and Merchants Implicated.

ARRESTS IN CHICAGO.

Raising Checks in New York and Other Large Cities.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

CHICAGO, August 18, 1877.
One of the most stupendous forgeries cases of late brought before the public has just developed itself here. It appears that about ten days ago Mr. Austin and another New York detective arrived in Chicago and began working up a case, in which they were assisted by local officials. Their operations were kept very quiet, but on Wednesday the case had so far developed that it became necessary to take active and public steps, and accordingly warrants were sworn out before a justice of the peace for the arrest of three men, whose names it now transpires are Nelson A. Genser, E. T. Henderson and E. B. Weston. Two of these men were arrested at the Sherman House last night, and by a constable taken to the Grand Pacific Hotel, where they were held in the rooms occupied by the New York officers. On being searched \$30,000 in money was found on their persons and this was deposited in the safe of the hotel.

KNOWING NEW YORK INSTITUTE.
Two of the men who were arrested here recently went through Burlington, Iowa, for large sums, and then came to Chicago to follow up the swindling schemes. Another of the party has made his headquarters at Minneapolis, Minn., and it is said, succeeded in capturing \$60,000 from the Lake City National Bank at Lake City, Minn. This man left Minneapolis yesterday on a Mississippi steamer bound down river. Another, a man known as Colonel Cross, was arrested in St. Louis to-night, while still another of the operators was captured in Michigan. The three men who were arrested here are charged, among other crimes, with passing a forged check on the banking house of Winslow, Lunt & Co., of New York, to the amount of \$20,000. It is also charged that they raised a draft on a Milwaukee bank for \$40,000; that they got nearly \$60,000 out of the Third National Bank here, and that they passed a raised check drawn by the New York Life Insurance Company. The amount of the latter is not made public. For four months New York detectives have been actively at work ferreting out this gigantic swindle. Parties have been sent to capture the Minneapolis member of the gang and it is probable he will soon be in the keeping of the officers.

Colonel Austin is a banker from Dover, N. H., and the detective was Jayne, of New York, of the government force. The man Henderson is also called Stevens and is a speculator and business man, who has had a score of aliases. He has no permanent place of residence, and recently went from Rahway, N. J., to Michigan, to spend a few weeks with his family. He was arrested in St. Louis, Genser was of late a member of the Minnesota Legislature, and is considered a shrewd operator.

CAUTION NEEDED.
There were no regulations issued in arresting these men, as parties who have been working the case up were afraid to trust the matter in the office of the Attorney General at New York. About four months ago the case was placed in the hands of the New York police, and was so completely sold out by one person that great caution has had to be exercised ever since. The man who negotiated or passed nearly all the forged checks is reported to be still in New York, and will be arrested at the earliest moment. The check, which was drawn by Winslow, Lunt & Co., was on the Third National Bank of New York; that of the New York Life Insurance Company was on the Union Trust Company, of New York, and for nearly \$40,000.

CUSTOM HOUSE DEFALCATION.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]
RICHMOND, Va., August 18, 1877.
Special Agent Ayer, of the United States Treasury Department, arrived here this morning with instructions to investigate alleged irregularities in the office of the Collector of Customs. A few hours' work revealed sufficient shortcomings to authorize him to swear out a warrant against Deputy Collector C. B. Vaiden, charging him with receiving upward of five hundred dollars in tonnage and other dues, and not accounting for the same. The warrant was placed in the hands of an officer to be served, but Vaiden could not be found, and it is believed that he has fled the city. Mr. Ayer's investigations are by no means ended, but it is not imagined here that any other than Vaiden is implicated.

NORFOLK CUSTOM HOUSE.

ARRIVAL OF THE COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE ALLEGED FRAUDS.
[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]
NORFOLK, Va., August 18, 1877.
H. S. Martin, special agent of the Treasury Department, Albert Miller, from the office of the Commissioner of Customs, and Henry Dunlap, from the Customs division of the Secretary's office, the committee to investigate the affairs of the Norfolk Custom House, have arrived here, and will commence working up the frauds on Monday.

SINGULAR SUICIDES.

PHILADELPHIA, August 18, 1877.
Yesterday the authorities were startled by the occurrence of two singular suicides. William Smully, a man forty-five years of age, took poison and was found in a dying condition, and notwithstanding every effort was made to save his life he died in a few hours. On his person was found a letter stating that he had tried to get away, but it was of no use. He declared that his wife had been sent to her parents, and that his father had been sent to his father-in-law. The other suicide was that of a well-known physician of the West who has of late been a resident of this city. A has been found by official Griffith Fairmount Avenue wharf last evening, with a note in it. The following is the text of the note:—
PHILADELPHIA, August 17, 1877.
KINGSTON GORDON, M. D., CORNELL.
Dear Sir:—My wife has some life is a burden I can no longer support.
The thought of that unhappy man confined at Norfolk has so depressed my spirits for the last few days that I have decided to end my troubles in this manner.
We have had many pleasant times together, but as that is all passed, and as I want to give you as little trouble as possible with my body, I take this method. Good-by, old friend. God bless you.
I. G. DRAKE, M. D.

HEAVY SILK ROBBERY.

MONTREAL, August 18, 1877.
Silks valued at \$20,000 were stolen from the wholesale dry goods house of T. J. Cusson & Co. by two employees named Singular McEoy and John Harvey, who had as an accomplice the notorious thief Vauharugh. McEoy and Harvey were arrested this afternoon.

LUNATICS AT LARGE.

In the Central Park last night an elderly man created quite an excitement by his demonstrative way of acting. When approached by any one he became quite violent, and was with difficulty prevented from committing violence upon the passers-by. When Officer Cunningham, of the Park police, endeavored to arrest him, he stubbornly resisted, and he had to call three other officers to his assistance. When taken to Bellevue Hospital the prisoner said that he was a professor and that he played on the piano. His name could not be discovered. Martha Porter, aged twenty-seven years, a domestic residing at No. 115 West Forty-third street, was for some time past been subject to suicidal ideas. On two different occasions she has attempted to take her own life. Martha became very violent yesterday and tore the clothes from her back. She was conveyed to Bellevue Hospital.

PITCHED OUT OF A WINDOW.

A servant girl, named Ann Kenny, got into a quarrel yesterday with her mistress, Miss Dula Fox, on the third floor of No. 463 Sixth avenue, and the two came to blows. During the row the servant caught hold of Miss Fox and pushed her toward an open window, through which the latter fell headlong, striking on the sidewalk on the second story. Her left leg was broken and it is feared that she also received internal injuries. Ann Kenny was arrested.

A BIG TURTLE.

A big loggerhead turtle, weighing 200 pounds, was caught in the Fire Island inlet a day or two ago. This is the largest one ever known to have been caught so far north.

SALOON KEEPERS AWAKE.

The Saloon Keepers' Society of Williamsburg have appointed an "Agitation Committee" to get other organizations to act with them during the coming political campaign.

A BAD BLOW AT BASEBALL.

[Great Bond (Pa., August 16), correspondence of Elmira (N. Y.) Advertiser.]
A painful tragedy has just thrown its ominous shadow over our community and a game of baseball basely ended in a fratricidal conflict. The Steam Hoop boys were having a game upon the grounds yesterday afternoon, with general pleasure both to participants and spectators, when Nathaniel Barker, who was pitching, unfortunately hit his brother Addison, who stood at the bat, with the ball, which led to an angry altercation and then to blows. We learn that the brothers were separated by some of the bystanders, but Addison, being the stronger of the two, persisted in his violent treatment of the other, whereupon the latter resorted to "the worn arbitrament of arms," the persuasive argument of non-resistance, and fired a pistol shot into Addison's bowels. He walked a few steps and then being shot and then fell, and was immediately taken to the home of his parents near at hand. A messenger was sent at once for Dr. Barker, who is a physician, and the wounded man shortly after, and did all that could be done by medical skill. His case was considered hopeless last evening, and was reported that he died early this morning, but we have since been informed that he is still living, which latter report we think correct, though his death seems probable. Barker, Nathaniel, came down to the Bend and forth with surrendered himself to the authorities, but being sent for from home, was allowed to return to the bedside of his dying brother for a short time. He was taken to Monroe later in the evening.

"PRETTY ONE, WITHER AWAY!" TO CRITICS.
TENTON'S box of GILBERT'S RUBBER SOAP for facial complexion. GILBERT'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE, black or brown, 50c.

A-BENNETT BUILDING.
FIREPROOF.
LOCATED ON NASSAU, ALBANY AND FULTON STS. HAND-MADE AND RE-PAIRED OFFICES TO LET ON VERY REASONABLE TERMS.

LAWYERS, BANKERS AND INSURANCE OFFICES.
APPLY ON THE PREMISES.

A-FIRE-EXTINGUISHING.
The destructive effects of fire on the body and on the foundation of a business. The best and most reliable fire extinguisher is the "FIRE-EXTINGUISHING" by Dr. S. O. P. BRANDY. This extinguisher is a sure and harmless remedy for all fires.

AVOID DANGER.
Don't put an enemy in your mouth to steal your teeth. Avoid dangerous dentures. Rely on S. O. P. BRANDY. No pain can be felt or no certain to prevent the teeth from becoming diseased. After brushing your teeth with S. O. P. BRANDY, the teeth will be as white as snow and the gums will be as red as roses.</